

POLICY/PROCEDURE INFORMATION (Policy no CS030)		
Subject	Oral Suction Policy (This policy is non-contractual and is subject to periodic review and will be amended according to service development needs).	
Applicable to	All Registered Nurses and Physiotherapists working at Nottinghamshire Hospice	
Target Audience	Others such as agents, consultants and other representatives of Nottinghamshire Hospice may be required to comply with the policy as a condition of appointment.	
Date issued	20 June 2023	
Next review date	20 June 2024	
Lead responsible for Policy	Director of Care	
Policy written by	Senior Physiotherapist, Palliative Care Lead	
Notified to (when)	Quality and Safety Committee 20 June 2023	
Authorised by (when)	Quality and Safety Committee 20 June 2023	
CQC Standard if applicable		
Links to other Hospice Policies	Personal Protective Equipment Policy for Infection Prevention and Control CS020 Hand Hygiene Policy CS015 Mental Capacity Policy CS007	
Links to external policies		
Summary	The Oral Suction Policy ensures that there is a consistent approach to providing oral suction to patients assessed as requiring it by trained staff.	
This policy replaces	N/A	

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Staff should refer to the Hospice website or Policies and Procedures folder on the 'N' drive for the most up to date Policy. If the review date of this document has expired it is still valid for 3 months.

After that staff should seek advice from their clinical lead or manager.

VERSION CONTROL		
Status	Date	Reviewed date
Original policy written by Senior Physiotherapist, Palliative Care Lead	April 2023	
Policy notified to Quality and Safety Committee	20 June 2023	
Policy ratified by Quality and Safety Committee	20 June 2023	20 June 2024
Updated control sheet and published on website	July 2023	

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1. Introduction

The Nottinghamshire Hospice Oral Suction Policy has been developed to ensure that there is a consistent approach to providing suction to patients assessed as requiring it by trained staff.

The aims of suction are to:

- To remove secretions that the patient is unable to effectively manage themselves
- To help maintain a patent airway, improve ventilation and oxygenation and reduce the work of breathing.

Suctioning should maximise the removal of secretions. The procedure is determined by the patient's clinical condition. The frequency of suction should be assessed on an individual basis and should not be performed as a matter of routine.

Suctioning is a potentially hazardous procedure and should only be performed when there are clear indications that excessive pulmonary secretions are affecting the patency of the patient's airway or effective ventilation.

2. Policy Aim

To ensure that there is a consistent approach to providing suction to appropriately assessed patients.

3. Scope

Oral suction will be provided by Registered Nurses (RNs) and Physiotherapists who have been trained to do so on patients over 18 who have been identified on assessment as requiring this.

4. Definitions

Oral Suction for the purpose of this policy is the insertion of a Yankauer sucker or soft suction catheter into the oral cavity in order to remove sputum, saliva or aspirate.

A Yankauer sucker/suction tip is a rigid, transparent plastic tube with a large

opening surrounded by a round head. It is used as an oral suctioning tool to clear the mouth and airway of saliva, sputum etc.

A **Soft Catheter** is a single use long flexible tube of varying diameter (usually size 10-14) used to clear secretions when a yankauer sucker is not appropriate.

5. Oral Suction

RNs / Physio will carry out suction using a Yankauer sucker or soft suction catheter to the mouth of a patient in order to remove sputum, saliva or aspirate.

The usual depth will be to the back of the teeth, however Yankauer sucker /suction catheter can be advanced further if secretions are visible that can be cleared without touching the tissue of the mouth. When going beyond back of the teeth, care must be taken to monitor for the gag reflex.

6. Out of Scope

This policy does not cover nasopharyngeal suction, deep oropharyngeal suction or suction via a tracheostomy. Nottinghamshire Hospice staff are not to complete nasopharyngeal suction, deep oropharyngeal suction or suction via a tracheostomy at this time.

7. Consent

Consent must be given by the patient / carer prior to each episode of suction being carried out. If the patient is unable to give consent verbally, other ways of obtaining it must be explored e.g. nodding, blinking, squeezing of the hand

If the patient is unable to give any form of consent and not carrying out the suction would be detrimental to their health, it is acceptable to proceed, unless written documentation can be produced to the contrary.

The patient should be made aware that they can withdraw their consent at any time.

Mental capacity should be considered and if necessary, a best interest decision should be made in line with the <u>Mental Capacity Policy CS007</u>.

8. When Oral Suctioning Should be Performed

- Presence of excess secretions causing physiological deterioration and/or distress
- Inability to clear secretions independently
- A need to maintain a patient's airway
- Deterioration in oxygen saturations if patient/family are monitoring
- Acute respiratory distress
- Raised respiratory rate
- Clinically apparent increased work of breathing (caution must be taken to not increase work of breathing further)
- Patient request

9. Precautions

There are no absolute contraindication for suctioning, all precautions need to be risk assessed before suctioning. That said, oral suctioning should not be used when the patient is managing their own secretions

- Severe clotting disorders
- Unexplained haemoptysis
- Bleeding
- Bronchospasm
- Acute head / neck / facial fractures and injuries
- Mechanical trauma to the airway
- Loose teeth
- Oral carcinoma

- Stridor
- Restless / anxious patient
- Nausea / vomiting / gagging
- Dislodging of oral debris and pathogens which may obstruct the airway such as loose teeth
- Severe hypoxaemia/ hypoxia
- Cardiac arrhythmias
- Vasovagal stimulation (↓HR/BP)
- Aspiration
- Pain/distress/discomfort
- Respiratory arrest
- Changes in Intracranial Pressure (ICP)
- Atelectasis
- Infection

No attempt should be made to remove a solid object or an inhaled foreign body from the back of the throat with suction. This could result in the object being forced further into the airway and possibly causing complete obstruction.

10. Equipment

Disposable equipment (known as consumables):

- Suction connection tubing single patient use
- Disposable bottle liners if required and recommended by manufacturer's instructions – dependent on suction machine model
- Filter, as required by manufacturer's instructions

- Suction catheters e.g. Yankauer or flexible suction catheters (ensure appropriate size)
- Clean disposable gloves
- Container of cold tap water
- Cleaning products (according to manufacturer's instructions)
- Bag for disposables
- Appropriate PPE if splashing likely or infection suspected

Suction machines

- Manufacturer's instructions should be included when the machine is received by the patient. If not available, these can be downloaded from the manufacturers website
- Consider requesting community staff order a spare machine if the equipment is critical and same day re-ordering or repair is not an available option.
- Suction machines must be used according to manufacturer's instructions and cleaned in line with Nottinghamshire Hospice Medical Devices and Medical Equipment Policy.

11. Replacement of Consumables

Yankauers are marked as "single use" indicating that they should be disposed of after a single procedure. They are not appropriate for multi-patient use. They should be changed every 24 hours or sooner if they cannot be cleaned effectively or if they look dirty.

Flexible catheters must be replaced after each procedure. Used catheters can be wrapped in a glove and disposed of appropriately in line with Nottinghamshire Hospice Waste Management Policy OP011.

Suction machines come with their own suction connection tubing which should be cleaned according to manufacturer's instructions and is single patient use. If unable to be adequately cleaned further supplies need to be ordered.

Suction tubing that connects the machine to the Yankauer or catheter should be replaced weekly unless otherwise advised.

The bacterial filter should be replaced according to manufacturer's instructions and when wet. Spare filters should be available.

Within the Hospice building we are responsible for ordering suction consumables through NHS supplies or manufacturers site, for use with our own suction machine in the Hospice. In the Community, Community staff who ordered the equipment are responsible for ordering future consumables.

Recommended PPE should be worn.

12. Training and Competency

Registered Nurses and Physiotherapists will have had training in oral suction at undergraduate level. Registered Nurses are responsible for ensuring that they remain competent (1) and attending refresher training as and when appropriate.

13. References

1. Future Nurses: Standards of proficiency for registered nurses

Appendix 1

	Oral Suction Procedure	Rationale
1.	Decide on method of powering suction machine	To ensure there is adequate power to
	– battery / mains	allow suction procedure to go ahead
	Ensure battery is charged if using this method	
2.	Set to required pressure, using lowest possible	To ensure there is no barotrauma during
	pressure – Max 150mmHg (20Kpa)	suction procedure.
3.	Ensure privacy is maintained	To maintain patient dignity
4.	Explain the procedure	To ensure patient knows what to expect
5.	Obtain consent from the patient	Section on Consent
6.	Position patient appropriately for the procedure	N.B Suction should not be carried out in
	 high sitting or high side lying. 	supine unless in an emergency situation
7.	Assess respiratory status and take baseline	To monitor signs of improvement /
	observations	deterioration
8.	An assessment of oral cavity and appropriate	To ensure there is no damage to the oral
	mouth care should performed prior to suction.	cavity.
9.	Encourage the patient to clear their own airway/	If a patient is able to clear their own
	mouth by coughing or by using other airway	secretions independently do not suction
	clearance techniques	as a matter of routine. Only use when
		there is evidence of retained secretions in
		oral cavity.
10.	Wash hands according to hand hygiene policy	To prevent the transmission of
	and procedure and apply PPE	microorganisms.
		Suctioning may cause splashing of body
		fluids
11.	Switch on machine	To ensure machine is working correctly.
12.	Check suction pressure by putting thumb over	To prevent trauma to patient
	the end of the suction tubing	
13.	Attach suction catheter to tubing	This prepares the equipment to suction
		effectively.
14.	Talk to the patient throughout explaining each	To prevent patient distress during
4.5	what you are doing at all times	procedure.
15.	70 1 1	To prevent desaturation
4.0	required.	To access sofety of warrandings and all and
16.	Check the patient's observations and breathing	To assess safety of procedure and check
17	pattern immediately prior to the procedure	for signs of deterioration.
17.	Insert suction catheter gently into the mouth,	To avoid stimulation of gag reflex.
	with no suction, until it reaches the pouch of the cheek, close over the hole on the catheter if	Suction should be stopped if gag reflex
	necessary, then gently sweep over the arch of	elicited to avoid vomiting and aspiration.
	the tongue to the pouch of the opposite	
	cheek. Do not pass the suction catheter past the back of the teeth.	
18.		Longer than 10 secs might result in tissue
	short period of time (no longer than 10 seconds)	grab causing damage to the sensitive
	((lining of the mouth.
19.	Repeat again if necessary	To ensure all secretions are obtained
19.	Repeat again it necessary	To ensure all secretions are obtained

20.	If patient is able allow them to self-suction	It is more comfortable for the patient.
		They can control the procedure.
21.	Repeat respiratory & oral cavity assessment	To determine if intervention was effective.
22.	Suction cold clean water through the system	To clean tubing and prevent mucous
		plugging
23.	Empty the collection bottle by disposing of the	To allow secretions to be flushed away
	contents down a toilet	and prevent transmission of
		microorganisms.
24.	Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning	To ensure correct cleaning material is
	equipment after use	used to prevent damage to equipment
25.	If the cleaned suction catheter is suitable for	To keep Yankauer clean
	further use with the same patient, within 24	
	hours, put back into plastic sheath (Yankauer	
	only)	
26.	Ensure patient has recovered from the	To ensure patient comfort and dignity
	procedure and leave patient in a comfortable	
	position	
27.	Remove PPE and wash hands	Prevents transmission of microorganisms
		In line with Nottinghamshire Hospice
		Hand Hygiene Policy.
28.	Document clearly the consistency and colour of	To ensure there is an accurate record of
	secretions as well as pre and post procedure	the procedure.
	respiratory assessment	Ensures good communication.